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ORIGINAL MUSIC BY

Larry Minsky

PATTERNS
OF JAZZ

Jazz Piano



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Publisher

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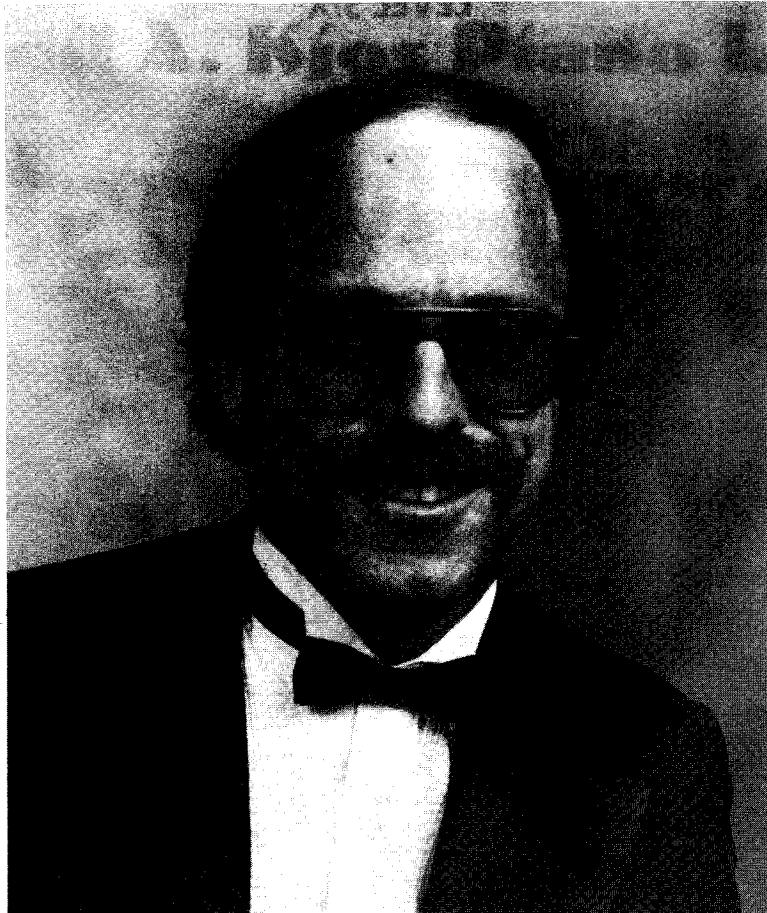
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About the Composer

Larry Minsky has received national recognition for his vibrant and appealing jazz piano compositions for students. Larry completed his Bachelor of Arts degree in political science at Queens College in New York and studied music theory and composition with Sol Berkowitz at the Aaron Copland Music School also in New York. He is an independent studio teacher of both classical and jazz repertoire in Florida and a former jazz pianist in New York City.

Larry's active professional career included performing in many rock bands, jazz bands, and in restaurants and clubs as a soloist. In addition to performing at famous New York restaurants and hotels, including the Waldorf Astoria, Larry also performed with his own band. Concurrently, he continued to study both jazz and classical music with top New York instructors.

His articles on jazz improvisation were featured in the December 1993 issue of *Clavier* and the January 1999 issue of *Keys*. His jazz collections *Language Of Jazz*, *Shades of Jazz*, *Impressions of Jazz*, *Reflections of Jazz*, *Images of Jazz*, *Jazz Impressions of Christmas*, *More Jazz Impressions of Christmas* and *Jazz Beginnings* are published by the **Neil A. Kjos Music Company**.

Notes on Jazz

Jazz is a constantly changing and evolving American art form. Jazz possesses three basic elements that make it unique. First, jazz has a special relationship to time referred to as "swing." Second, jazz features a spontaneity and vitality in which improvisation plays an important role. Third, jazz features a sonority and manner of phrasing that mirror the individuality of the performing jazz musician.

An aspect that defines jazz to the listener is its harmonic language. The intermediate performer is given an opportunity to be part of an exciting jazz experience in **Patterns of Jazz** by Larry Minsky.

Notes on the solos

The pieces in this collection demonstrate both the rich and complex elements of jazz as well as the straightforward and simple approach to jazz composition. The piece titled *Yesterdays and Tomorrows* is an example of the more complex approach. The device highlighted here is a form of closed position. The left hand plays an interval of a tenth below the top note in the right hand. The chords used largely alternate between embellished minor chords and diminished seven chords. The first chord in each measure is always identified. The middle section of the piece changes to a stride piano approach. The changes in tempo, dynamics, and rhythms provide contrast to the first seventeen measures.

Contrast this piece with *The Workout* which is written in the same key. There are far fewer chords or embellishments. The repetitive bass line has its roots in rock music. A similar analogy can be shown with the ballads *A Summer Walk*, *Song for the Moment*, and *When I See You Smile*. *A Summer Walk* centers around three chords, C major7, Dm7 and G7. Within a measure, the left hand plays the chord in root position, second inversion, and third inversion. An improvisation on the C major9 chord could be included in the last two measures. The other two pieces utilize a far greater number of chord changes. *Song for the Moment* requires careful voicing of the left hand melodic line at measure 33. The rhythm of the sixteenth note motive used in *When I See You Smile* echoes the title and provides continuity throughout the piece. Each of these professional-sounding jazz originals include written-out improvisations and chord symbols that can be used as an aid to improvisation. Classically-trained performers will love the ease at which they will be able to produce the sounds of contemporary jazz.

City Life

Larry Minsky

Brightly ($\text{♩} = 138$) $\text{Eighth Note} = \text{Sixteenth Note}^{\text{8th}}$

1 *mf*

5 *f*

9 *p*

13 *mf*

(8va)

legato l.h.

5 Dm C B \flat

6 (bassoon entry)

7 (piano entry)

8 (bassoon entry)

(8va)

9 A \flat G \flat

10 (piano entry)

11 (bassoon entry)

12 (bassoon entry)

(8va)

13

14

15

16

(8va)

17

21

25

8va

29

B_b⁷

(8va)

33

G⁹

F⁹

8va

37

D⁹

D_b⁹

(8va)

41 C⁹

8va

45 Dm C B_b

Dm C B_b

p

(8va)

49 A♭ G♭

f

p

(8va)

53 8va 15ma

f

8va

15ma

Dm⁷ Cm⁷

57 B♭m⁷ Fm⁷ E♭m⁷ G₉⁶ 8va 15ma

B♭m⁷

Fm⁷ E♭m⁷

G₉⁶

mp

8va

15ma

Yesterdays and Tomorrows

Gently ($\text{♩} = 96$)

Cm/A

Larry Minsky

D^o7

Cm/A

Piano score for measures 1-4. The left hand plays chords in C major (Cm) and A minor (A). The right hand provides a bass line. Measure 1 starts with a C major chord. Measures 2 and 3 show transitions between chords. Measure 4 ends with an A minor chord.

D^o7

Cm/A

B_b^{7(b9)}G^{7sus}

Piano score for measures 5-8. The left hand plays chords in D major (D^o7), C major (Cm), B_b major (B_b^{7(b9)}), and G major (G^{7sus}). The right hand provides a bass line. Measure 5 starts with a D^o7 chord. Measures 6 and 7 show transitions between chords. Measure 8 ends with a G^{7sus} chord.

G⁷

Cm/A

D^o7

Piano score for measures 9-12. The left hand plays chords in G major (G⁷), C major (Cm), and D major (D^o7). The right hand provides a bass line. Measure 9 starts with a G⁷ chord. Measures 10 and 11 show transitions between chords. Measure 12 ends with a D^o7 chord.

13

G⁷G^{7(b9)}

Cm

8va

Piano score for measures 13-16. The left hand plays chords in G major (G⁷), G major (G^{7(b9)}), and C major (Cm). The right hand provides a bass line. Measure 13 starts with a G⁷ chord. Measures 14 and 15 show transitions between chords. Measure 16 ends with a C major chord at 8va (octave up).

(♩ = 80)

18 Fm⁷ B♭m⁷ E♭7(+5) A♭maj⁷

22 C♯m⁷ F♯⁷ B¹³ Emaj⁷

25 G^{7(b13)} 8va rit.

a tempo (♩ = 80) Cm

F^{o7} Cm

pedal ad lib.

29 F^{o7} Cm

D^{7(9/5)} A¹³ D^{7(9/5)} G^{7sus}

f

mf

1 3 3 3

senza pedal

33 Cm *cresc. e accel.*

G⁷ (b) *f dim. e rit.*

G^{7(b9)} *8va*

37 15ma *a tempo*

Cm¹¹ *8va*

p *8va*

The Workout

Larry Minsky

In a steady manner ($\text{J} = 138$) $\text{F} = \text{F}^3$

Musical score for measures 1-4. Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of four flats. Dynamics: *mf*. Measure 1: Rest. Measure 2: Rest. Measure 3: Rest. Measure 4: Rest. Measure 5: Dynamics: *simile*.

5 Cm

Musical score for measures 5-8. Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of four flats. Measure 5: Dynamics: *3*. Measure 6: Dynamics: *3*. Measure 7: Dynamics: *3*. Measure 8: Dynamics: *3*.

9 Ab⁷ Cm

Musical score for measures 9-12. Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of four flats. Measure 9: Dynamics: *5*. Measure 10: Dynamics: *1*. Measure 11: Dynamics: *4*. Measure 12: Dynamics: *1*.

13 Ab⁷ Cm

Musical score for measures 13-16. Treble clef, 4/4 time, key signature of four flats. Measure 13: Dynamics: *2*. Measure 14: Dynamics: *1*. Measure 15: Dynamics: *1*. Measure 16: Dynamics: *1*.

17 Cm

21 A♭⁷

Cm

25 A♭⁷

Cm

29 A⁷

D⁷

G⁷

Cm

32

A⁷ D⁷ G⁷

D.S. al Coda

5 3 1

1

1 4

⊕ Coda

35

A⁷ D⁷ G⁷ Cm^{6/9}

8va

A Summer Walk

Larry Minsky

In a steady manner ($\text{♩} = 100$)

4

This section shows four measures of music for a keyboard instrument. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. Measure 1 starts with a C major 7th chord (C, E, G, B) followed by a D minor 7th chord (D, F, A, C). Measures 2 and 3 show a progression from D minor 7th to G major 7th (G, B, D, F#). Measure 4 ends with a D minor 7th chord. The tempo is marked as $\text{♩} = 100$. Measure 1 includes dynamic markings *mp* and *2* above the melody line.

5

This section shows four measures of music. Measures 5 and 6 continue the harmonic progression from D minor 7th to G major 7th. Measure 7 is a rest. Measure 8 begins with a D minor 7th chord. The instruction *pedal simile* is written below the bass staff. Measure 5 has a dynamic marking *4*.

9

This section shows four measures of music. Measures 9 and 10 continue the harmonic progression. Measure 11 is a rest. Measure 12 begins with a D minor 7th chord. Measure 9 has a dynamic marking *5*.

13

This section shows four measures of music. Measures 13 and 14 continue the harmonic progression. Measure 15 is a rest. Measure 16 begins with a G minor 7th chord (G, B, D, F) followed by a C major 7th chord (C, E, G, B). The bass staff changes to a bass clef with a sharp sign. Measure 13 has a dynamic marking *2*.

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17 Fmaj⁷ B_b¹³ Fmaj⁷ B_b¹³

21 Fmaj⁷ Gm⁷ Am⁷ Fm⁷ Gm⁷ E_bm⁷ B_bm

25 A^{7(#9)} B_bm A^{7(b9)} Dm⁶ C^{#dim7} dim.

29 Dm⁶ rit. G¹³ mp

a tempo

8va

Cmaj⁷ Dm⁷ G⁷ Cmaj⁷ Dm⁷ G⁷

32

pedal simile

(8va)

Cmaj⁷ Dm⁷ G⁷ Cmaj⁷ Dm⁷ G⁷

36

40

Cmaj⁷ Dm⁷ G⁷ Cmaj⁷ Dm⁷ G⁷

44

Cmaj⁷ Dm⁷ G⁷ Cmaj⁷ Dm⁷ G⁷

dim.

48

Cmaj⁷ Dm⁷ G⁷ Abmaj⁷ Db Cmaj⁹ 8va

rit.

p

mf

p pp

WP546

Song for the Moment

Larry Minsky

With a wistful feeling ($\text{♩} = 104$)

Musical score for measures 1-4. The key signature is one flat. The melody starts with an eighth note followed by sixteenth notes. The chords are: Bbmaj⁷, A♭7(+11), Gm⁹, and G♭7(b9). The bass line consists of eighth notes.

Musical score for measures 5-8. The key signature changes to two flats. The melody includes eighth and sixteenth-note patterns. The chords are: Fm⁹, B♭13(b9), E♭maj⁷ (with fingering 5, 3, 1, 5, 2), and B♭13. The bass line features eighth notes.

Musical score for measures 9-12. The key signature remains two flats. The melody continues with eighth and sixteenth-note patterns. The chords are: E♭m⁷, A♭13, D♭maj⁷, and G♭7(b5). The bass line includes eighth notes. There is a dynamic marking 'r.h.' with a circled 'p' over the right hand's part.

Musical score for measures 13-16. The key signature changes to one sharp. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The chords are: Bmaj⁷, F7(b5), and G7(b5) in 8va (octave up). The bass line features eighth notes.

17 B_bmaj⁷ A_b7(+11) Gm⁹ G_b7(b9)

21 Fm⁹ B_b13(b9) E_bmaj⁷

25 E_bm⁷ A_b13 D_b G_bmaj⁷

29 F⁷sus F⁷sus B_bmaj⁷

33 B_bm⁷ E_b⁷ A_bmaj⁷

37 Gm^{7(b5)} C^{#dim7} Fm(add2)

41 B_bm⁷ E_b⁷ A_bmaj⁷

45 Gm^{7(b5)} C^{7(#9)} F^{7sus} F^{7(b9)} D.S. al Coda

Coda

49 F⁷sus F⁹ Cm⁷ F⁷

53 F⁷sus F¹³ *a tempo*
B_bmaj⁷ rit.

57 B_bmaj⁹ 8va 15ma
dim. 8va pp
8va

When I See You Smile

Larry Minsky

Slowly with expression (♩ = 84)

F

mp

5 2 1 3

B_b7(+11) D7(^{#9}_{#5})

5 F

D7(^{#9}) G13

Bbmaj7

A7(^{#9}_{#5}) G13

9 C⁹

C#dim⁷

F
a tempo

rit.

5 2 1 3

13 B_b7(+11) D7(^{#9}_{#5})

Slowly and deliberately *a tempo*

F

D7(^{#9}) G13

17 B_bmaj⁷ E_bmaj⁷ A_bmaj⁷ D_b⁹ Fmaj⁹

21 B_b¹³ Am⁹ B_b¹³ Am⁹

25 F⁷⁽⁺¹¹⁾ Am⁷ Dm⁷ G^{7(b9)} C⁹

29 C^{#dim}⁷ F 8va

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33 $B_b7(+11)$ $D7(\#5)$

molto rit. *a tempo*

F

$D7(\#9)$ $G13$

36 $B_{bmaj}7$

rit.

$D9$

$G13(b9)$

freely, not in strict time

40 $F6/9$

dim

8va

$Fmaj9(\#4)$

pp